13 WAYS THAT PENGUINS ARE ADAPTED FOR LIFE IN ANTARCTICA

(It's extremely cold, and the only source of food is underwater.)

13) Eyes function best	1) Nasal passages reabsorb heat. A penguin's breath is
-	2): keeping body heat in, cold out
12) Tongue and mouth are covered with sharp that catch slippery fish.	A) is also called B) trapped under feathers (Tiny muscles at the base of feathers can control how much air gets trapped.)
11) bones allow penguins to sink in water. (Flying birds have bones.) 10) The stores fish they catch and lets them feed it to their babies much later, even	3)
months later. 9)are adapted to pushing through water instead of flying through air	4) An provides a greasy substance to coat feathers, keeping them waterproof
 8) No in the feet because they make so much heat. 7) Penguins have an instinct to minimum for this arrangement of blood when in a group. 6) which means "amazing net This arrangement of blood from escaping through the second sec	d vessels keeps heat balance.

There are really only 6 types of penguins. All penguins fall into one of these categories.





Banded

Yellow-eyed

Crested

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Little

